CONGRATULATIONS. Extracts from Some of the Messages

Received by Major McKinley. CANTON, O., No . 7 .- When Major Mc-Kinley went to his library he did not find its mail in its accustomed place. But letters came in high stacks. They were piled on desks and tables. They numbered thousands. Telegrams continue to come in almost equal numbers, not only from all parts of the country, but from Americans wand others traveling in all parts of the civilized world. Following are extracts from some of the messages of congratula-

From Daniel H. Hastings, Governor of nsylvania, Harrisburg: "The most satisfactory thing about your campaign is that you made not a single mistake. You met question fairly, bravely and most There seems to have been a divine hand guiding your every footstep. I trust your administration may be equally as successful as has been the campaign which has so triumphantly closed.'

Hon. Charles Foster, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Fosteria, O.: "Mrs. Foster and er daughters wish to join me in extending their sincere congratulations to Mrs. Mc Kinley and yourself.

freight train and transfer it to the express, and bring it quick.' Hop. W. T. Durbin, Indiana: "We have won a splendid victory. I had hoped that It might be more pronounced, that we could have overwhelmed the craze and element that confronted us, but I am fearful that our campaign is probably only begun." Washington Hesing, postmaster, Chicago: "Never was the country brought face to face with a greater crisis and never did the American people in their superior common sense, when wild unreasoning had fled, rise more courageously to the emergency

Hon. Will Cumback, Greensburg, Ind.: "We will now take prosperity off the local

Hon. John Wanamaker. ex-Postmastergeneral, Philadelphia: "May I express my sincere gratification in the result of Tuesday. I hoped and worked for a larger majority, but the winning is enough now for the harder work of shaping the administration. It is a herculean task, but you will have the best wishes and help of a host of

friends. I count myself one." Andrew Carnegie, Pittsburg: "No man has watched the contest with deeper anxful for the result. It vindicates triumphant democracy and gives us a country of which we can be proud. Everything favors prosperity to-day. We have ordered comletion of new works and gone ahead in all our deferred improvements." Gevernor Charles Warren Lippitt, Providence, R. I.: "There is one universal ex-

pression of gratitude to the Almighty for

the result of the election last Tuesday.

Every one is looking forward to a long period of prosperity during your adminis-Hon. C. T. Sexton, Lieutenant Governor, Clyde, N. Y.: "I am proud as an American citizen of the grand record you made during the canvass that has just ended. Before it began you stood very high in the popular esteem, but during the past few months you have won to an extraordinary

degree the affection of all patriotic Amer-Hon, W. D. Washburn, Minneapolis: "I have no words that can adequately convey to you the gratitude and joy that I feel over the result of your election. We have been, as it were, standing over a precipice, and now, finally, to be relieved of all apprehension is a relief that can hardly be expressed. In my judgment no President since Lincoln has had to meet the difficulties and embarrassments that will confront you. The whole country will look to you as the one to relieve it from the terrible conditions that have existed for the past three years. The conditions that are to confront you are most serious and

Joseph Jefferson, Pittsfield, Mass.: "I congratulate you upon your splendid victory. Am a trifle late, but none the less sincer. Here's to your health, and your family. May they all live long and pros-N. Dairs, Woodstock, Va.: "Ex-

Confederate Republicans of the Shenandeah valley congratulate you on the gloricus victory von under your patriotic W. W. Burch, editor American Sheep Breeder, Chicago: "One million stock masters are rejoicing over the triumph of pro-tection. An in histry well nigh ruined by

Western Union Telegraph force, Canton, O .: "We have received a few telegrams ourselves. Heartiest congratulations and Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, Chicago: "Halle-

Edwin W. Johnson, principal, Philadelphia: "Our people have spoken; their patriotism is vindicated. The honor of the Nation is saved and the prosperity of our country is assured. This is due largely to the vigorous spiring leader of the people, the stanch supporter of sound principles, the dignified a people with which the pupils of the Philadelphia Institute join in heartiest congratulations to you upon your election to the

Nils Gron, Union League Club, New York: "Ninety per cent. of the 600,000 Scandinavian-American voters cast their bailots for you and will always be proud of It. Accept my personal congratulations.'

Warner Not a Candidate.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 7 .- The Star this evening says: "The election of Mc-Kinley makes it extremely probable that Major William Warner, of Kansas City, past grand commander of the G. A. R., and who has been active in the present his intimate friends say he has long cherished-to become a member of the President's Cabinet. His friends are now specplating on whether he will be Secretary of

the Interior or Postmaster-general. When

questioned to-day about the probability of his being appointed, Major Warner said:

'I am not an applicant for any position.'

Hobart to Bishop Newman. SARATOGA, N. Y., Nov. 7 .- Bishop John P. Newman, who on Monday will start for San Francisco, his episcopal residence, today received the following from Vice President-elect Hobart, dated Paterson, N. J.,

"My Dear Sir-Thanks for your kind telegram of congratulations. The Nation has Vindicated itself, and to the people belong the glory and honor."

TOO MANY OLD ADMIRERS.

Why the Guardian of the Sacred

White Elephant Is a Bachelor.

Jack Morgan, the East Atchison bachelor, who went to De Kalb a short time ago to be married to Miss Estella Jordanson, sneaked back to his bachelor quarters last night without his bride. An attachment sprung up between Morgan and Miss Jordanson while they were traveling with Sells Brothers' circus last season. Miss Jordanson was the Caucasian queen in the sideshow, and it was while Morgan had charge of the sacred white elephant in the sideshow that they became acquainted. One day Morgan was having an unusually hard time putting the elephant together. and swore, at the same time taking out his knife to whittle while he thought. The

"Why, law me, you must be from Mis-A new light came into his eyes, and the elephant's head dropped. He knew the truth: she was from Missouri herself. He was still more surprised to find that she was from De Kalb. She gave him one of her pictures free, and it was only a few days until they were engaged. They deelded that they would be married at the close of the circus season, and when she

returned a few days ago the date of the ceremony was set for Oct. 29. She told him that there was one little favor to ask of him, and she hoped he would take no offense. She said a few other young men had paid attentions to her and would he care if she invited them to occupy front seats in the church when the seremony was performed? He decided to redeem a betrayed Republic and to that this would be showing a magnanimous spirit toward them, and he readily consented. The hour set for the wedding was 8 o'clock, but before 7 o'clock young men with special invitations to sit inside the white ribbons began to arrive in squads of five, ten and twenty. They knew there was going to be a rush, and came early. Before 7:30 o'clock the white ribbons had to filled with young men. Eight o'clock came. and the auditorium was packed with young raen, and some of them were sitting in the windows. Finally there was no standing rcom, and the windows was raised, so that other former admirers could see,

Promptly at 8 o'clock the wedding march struck up, and the preacher began looking solemn. The couple came in. When the groom reached the altar he took one wild look at the throng inside the white ribbon, and ded. He says his bachelor quarters are good enough for him.

The Jackson-Walling Cases. FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 7.-The Court Appeals, having heard the arguments in the cases of Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, convicted of the murder of Pearl Bryan, but who have asked for a new trial, has designated Judge Hazelrigg to prepare | PITTSBURG, Nov. 7. — The board of | whom he was about to attack with a shoe | cables that there has been no rain any man accessible to members by a door and phreys medical Company, co the opinion of the court where in the famine districts during the come here!" Mr. Tilghman turned and saw staircase at the back of the building on the and John streets, New York.

SUPPORTERS IN THE EAST, Urging Them to Continue the Fight

"PATRIOT" BRYAN WRITES TO HIS

Beyond Resurrection.

YAWP FROM SENATOR BUTLER

for a Cause That Has Been Killed

CHAIRMAN OF THE POPULIST COM-MITTEE ISSUES AN ADDRESS.

Like Bryan, He Fails to Properly Appreciate the Overwhelming Verdiet of the American People.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 7 .- Mr. Bryan today gave out the following telegram addressed to Lastern bimetallists:

"In this hour of defeat I send you greet-ing. No words of praise can efficiently commend you. When I remembered that the Eastern States sent gold delegates to both conventions, and that nearly all the Eastern papers were against bimetallism, your fight appears remarkably creditable. You have shown yourselves heroes, and events will vindicate the position you have taken. Continue the fight. "WILLIAM J. BRYAN."

Mr. Bryan is receiving numerous telegrams and letters of response to his address calling upon the advocates of silver to continue their efforts in that behalf, assuring him of concurrence in this view and of co-operation in the work. Many of the messages are from club organizations. He has set the 24th inst. for the reception tendered him by the people of Denver.

TO DELUDED PEOPLE. Populist Butler's Address to His Mis-

taken Followers. WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- Senator Butler to-day issued the following address to the people of the United States:

"In the remarkable campaign just closed the People's party was the only party that supported solidly and unitedly the great and vital issues represented in the candidacy of Mr. Bryan. This was natural, for the People's party came into existence to bring to the front and to press to victory the principles of Lincoln and Jefferson, already long discarded by the two old parties. The money power, feeling reasonably sure of its control and nomination of the leaders, and the controlling influence in the Republican party, in 1892 gave its support to the candidacy of Grover Cleveland, for the especial purpose of having him, through the use of patronage and otherwise, crush out the silver sentiment in the South, and make the leaders in that party as completely subservient as those in the Repubican party to accomplish this purpose Four Cabinet ministers were selected from the South, and an unusually large amount of patronage used on political leaders to

"It will be remembered that Mr. Cleve-

land demanded that the Democratic Senain the interests of the gold standard before he would even give out the postoffices This deep-laid plan might have succeeded had not the People's party at this juncture sprung into existence, exposed the plot, stood in the breach and appealed to the patriotic hosts of both parties to check the scheme of the people's despoilers and rally to the common defense. Thus the People's party forced the Democratic organization to repudiate Clevelandism and return to correct fundamental principles. Not only this, the People's party forced the Repubican party to cease hedging and straddling for the purpose of deceiving the people, and drove them to take a stand on one side or the other of the vital issues at stake. "The issue now being squarely joined it was evident that those influences in the Democratic party which had dominated and debauched the party for a quarter of a century would be driven to the support of the party that took a position on the side of trusts, monopolies and money gamblers. On the other hand, it is evident that even a larger per cent, of the Re-publican party favored the principles now squarely forced to the front, yet only a small per cent. would in this campaign support them because they found them under the Democratic banner. Had it not been for the prejudice against the Democratic name, as well as a want of confidence in Democratic promises, for which it must be frankly admitted past experience furnishes ample ground, a majority of the voters of the country, in spite of the tremendous and unparalleled forces put forward by the

Republican managers, would have east their vote for financial reform and American independence. "The People's party, with a high patriotism and an unselfish devotion to princip greater than ever before exhibited by any other party, stepped outside of its organization to throw its two million votes solid ly for Mr. Bryan. Had not more than this number of those who called themselves Democrats in 1892 given their support to McKinley, the cause of the people and American principles would have triumphed this year. This class of Democrats will surely support the party of monopolies and trusts in the future. Their places in the ranks of the reform hosts must be taken by patriotic Republicans. In fact, Mr. Bryan would have been elected in this contest had even 25,000 more

"The election of Mr. McKinley and the triumph of the gold standard does not express the desires and sentiments of the American people. The majority oppose the policy for which he stands, and will so vote whenever an opportunity is presented for a proper alignment. The remarkable and brilliant campaign of William J. Bryan would have aligned these forces and marched them to triumphant victory f any candidate or leader in America could have done so under the Democratic ban-

come to the rescue.

"The administration of McKinley cannot bring prosperity to the American people. given employment and general prosperity restored and maintained until the wealth producers receive fair returns for their labor and thus are enabled to purchase. The gold standard and menopoly rule, to a continuation of which Mr. McKinley stands pledged, means four more years of falling prices, four more years of lockouts and strikes, four more years of reduced wages and idle labor. This will cause the patriotic rank and file of the Republican party to condemn and repudiate McKinleyism as the patriotic rank and file of the Democratic party has condemned and repudiated Cleve-

"I cannot believe otherwise, for I have

not less confidence in the patriotism of this class of Republicans than the rank Caucasian queen had observed this, and and file of the Democratic party has already demonstrated. Therefore a large per cent., who, though not fooled by the specious pleas of 'honest money' and promised prosperity, yet who would not in this campaign fight under the Democratic banner, will surely join hands with the majority of the American voters outside of the old parties to overthrow a government of trusts and monopolies, run in the interests of foreign capitalists. "The People's party has made this possible-in fact, inevitable. The position of the People's party in this contest has convinced every patriotic American that the party can be trusted to stand for the principles of good government and the interests of the people under any and all circumstances. Therefore the People's party will be the nucleus around which the patriotic hosts must and will gather

restore prosperity to an oppressed and out-

Telephoning Through a Man. Rochester Bulletin. A curious telephone incident occurred at Rock Dell last week. In some way the telephone wire had been cut, and previous to oved back, and finally the church was | repairing it two young men of this vicinity undertook a novel experiment. One of them. Torger Anderson, went to the Rock Dell store, and the other, John Lindale took an end of the broken wire in each hand. The two men set their watches alike, so there could be no mistake. Torger took down the receiver and rang up Oslo. Aithough Lindale received a severe shock, he kept hold of the wires and the message was clearly conveyed through his body. In like manner Torger Anderson telephoned to Dodge Center and to Austin, and the message and replies were heard as clearly as pany. though the wire wasn't mended with a human being. Lindale was four miles away from the store, and stayed there for fif-teen minutes, in accordance with the agree

Church Mortgages to Be Foreclosed.

ctpal Church, in session here, passed a resolution to-day authorizing the foreclosure of mortgages on churches in cases where open neglect was shown. Cases were cited where large loans had been made by the board and in each case not a cent of interest or principal had been paid.

OBITUARY.

David Blakely, General Manager of the Souse Band.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—David Blakely, sixty-five years old, the general manager of the Sousa band, died suddenly to-night in his office in Carnegie Music Hall. Death is supposed to have been due to apoplexy. The deceased was also president of the Blakely Printing Company of Chicago. Six weeks ago Mr. Blakely while riding a oike at Bradford, Vt., collided with an express wagon and fractured hir collar bone. Recovering from the injury, he returned to this city over a week since and resumed his business affairs. He did not complain of feeling ill to-day and appeared to be all right when his typewriter left the office for a few moments at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. When she returned she found Mr. Blakely unconscious. She sent for a physician, but before the latter answered the call Manager Blakely had breathed his

David Blakely was born at Binghamton N. Y., in 1833. He was only a lad when his parents moved to Bradford, Vt. There he remained until he was eighteen years of age, when he went to Minnesota. At St. Paul he obtained employment in a newspaper office. In the course of time Blakely became editor of the St. Paul Pioneer Press and owner of the Chicago Evening Post. He was elected to the office of Secretary of State in Minnesota in 1870. Twenty years later Mr. Blakely became the owner and manager of Patrick Sarsfield Gil-more's famous band. After Gilmore's death Mr. Blakely secured permission from the Harrison administration to take the Marine band across the continent to the Pacific coast. Sousa was leader of the Marine band at that time, and Blakely, recognizing his talent, advanced the capital to establish the band which under the former's guidance has since given such successful performances at Manhattan Beach and throughout the country. Manager Blakely leaves a widow and four daughters.

J. Waldo.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.-J. Waldo, one of the commissioners of the Southwestern Association, died at the Southern Hotel this forenoon. He had been ill but a few days.

Mr. Waldo for many years was prominent in railroad circles. In 1883 he was made traffic manager of the Galveston, LaPorte & Houston railroad. Two years later he succeeded to the vice presidency | cided to adopt the following measures: The of this road. He occupied this position un- liberation from the prisons of the Ottoman til 1889, when he was made first vice president of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas. In 1894 he was made president of the Galveston, LaPorte & Houston. He was fifty-seven years old and leaves a widow and several children.

Magrice Lesage D'Hauteroche D'Hulst. PARIS, Nov. 7.-Mgr. Maurice Lesage d'Hauteroche d'Hulst, who represented one of the divisions of Brest in the Chamber of Deputies and who was rector of the Catholic Institute of Paris, a prelate of the house of the Pope, honorary vicar-general of the diocese of Paris, etc., is dead. He was born in 1841 and first entered the Chamber of Deputies in 1892, succeeding the late Mgr. Freppel, bishop of Angiers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- Louis Boas, one of the owners of the American-American packet line, died suddenly to-day. Mr. Boas was seventy-eight years old. His son, Emil L. Boas, is the general agent of the line in this city. Death was due to heart

Louis Boas.

Henry E. Parker. BOSTON, Nov. 7 .- Prof. Henry E. Par-

ker, for more than twenty years professor of Latin at Dartmouth College, died in this city to-day. He was seventy-six years

PERILS OF BALLOONING.

Aeronaut Boiteux Tells of His Terrible Experience in the Balloon Jupiter. Berlin Vossische Zeitung. "When we had risen five hundred yards or more we found ourselves in such thick clouds that we could distinguish nothing. Suddenly the Jupiter lay on one side and the car leaped terribly. At the same time we were lashed by large hailstones and heavy rain. We were driven forward with bewildering speed. In our fright we threw out everything that our hands came across. The balloon sprang upward like an arrow, and soon passed through the clouds. We were under a clear sky, in the light of the setting sun. Gradually it grew colder and colder, and our wet clothes were frozen stiff. Crepillon fell fainting to the bottom of the boat, and we others were not much better off. We were all bleeding, for the hail had wounded us. As I looked out, I saw a large, black cloud moving from southwest to northeast. The streamed from my nose and ears. My hands were frozen hard as a board. "In a few minutes we had risen to height of nearly five thousand yards. Then we began to sink, at first slowly, and then rapidly. All at once we were again in complete darkness. We were in the midst of thunder clouds. Again, amid hail and rain, the wind drove the Jupiter on at a speed of ninety miles an hour. We were blinded by the hail and could scarcely breathe. But I did not lose hope reaching the earth safely. The hail and rain now began to be mixed with leaves and particles of earth. The car was violently shaken, and we fell against each other and had to hold on to the ropes. Then we began to drag along the ground The balloon suddenly rose again. I let my rope go and was dashed to the ground. Legrand believed that I had voluntarily jumped out. He jumped after me and fell near me, with a broken leg. Thus lightened of weight, the balloon rose more rap-Rushing through the tree tops, it went on about six miles in the direction of Gretz. As it hung on the top of a tree Foucard tried to land, caught a rope, but was thrown violently to the earth. woman saw the balloon hanging in the tree and sent the people at her inn to our assistance. Foucard was found, covered with mud and ice, his face all torn. He still breathed. When his head was raised, with the intention of giving him stimulants, he was seized with a convulsion, and soon expired. "As he was carried away a weak voice was heard calling from the car for help. Two ladders were brought and tied together, and a gendarme climbed up to assist Crepillon. It took an hour to get him On reaching the ground he fainted away. He was as cold as ice, and only regained his senses after continued friction. In a few hours he was out of dan-

Washington Notes. WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- Ben Trapnell, jr., of Charleston, W. Va., has been appointed assistant United States attorney for the district of West Virginia, vice J. H. Couch, jr., dismissed. To-day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$230,173.985; go'd reserve, \$118.553,586. Captain E. C. Chapin, Fifteenth Infantry has been retired on his own application promoting Second Lieutenant A. R. Paxton to first lieutenant and additional Second Lieutenant S. A. Cloman to be second The Controller of the Currency has ap pointed P. W. Strader receiver of the Bennet National Bank of New Whatcom,

Business Embarrassments. BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 7.-William H Treworgy, lumber dealer of this city, has filed a voluntary petition in it dolvency, caused by the failure of the Portsmouth (Va.) Lumber Manufacturing Company, to which he had advanced money. His liabilities are scheduled at \$304,433. NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- The Wood & Park

Lithographing Company to-day assigned to Benoni Lockwood, ir. Liabilities, \$30,000; nominal assets, \$60,000. The company was A Jealous Negro's Triple Crime. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 7. - Thomas Lynch, colored, to-day attacked his wife and her aunt. Amy Smith, with a knife, cutting the throats of each. He then cut his own throat. Amy Smith is dead, but

Lynch and his wife, who are at the City Hospital, will probably recover. It is thought Lynch was jealous of his wife. Fatel Boiler Explosion. ASHLAND, Pa., Nov. 7 .- One man was killed, one fatally injured and three others were seriously hurt to-day by the explosien of the boilers in the Centralia colliery. near this place. All but one of the men are Polanders. The Centralia collery is operated by the Lehigh Valley Coal Com-

Convict Shot by a Warden. BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.-Andrew Jackson ged twenty years, colored convict in the penitentiary, was shot and mortally wounded in the prison at 10 o'clock this morning by John B. Wollering, a deputy warden

ABDUL HAMID RELENTS OCCORDO

UNDER PRESSURE, TURKEY'S CRUEL SULTAN PROMISES REFORMS.

He Will Release Imprisoned Armenians and Stop the Outrages Throughout His Empire.

PARIS, Nov. 7 .- When the Sultan received an account of the recent speech delivered by M. Hanotaux, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in the Chamber of Deputies Nov. 3, upon the Armenian question, he sent his seceretary to M. Jules Cambon, the French embassador to Turkey, to inquire concerning the matter. In his speech before the Chamber M. Hanotaux declared that the excesses of the Ottoman government had furnished legitimate motives for complaint. He also stated that a concert had been established among the powers. and that in October, 1895, an understanding had been reached with the Porte to the effect that the latter should grant reforms which unhappily had not been applied. M. Hanotaux also announced that owing to the anarchy which reigned in the administrative spheres of Turkey troubles had ensued and France was bound to use language, the strength and significance of which Turkey must understand. The powers, M. Hanotaux said, were convinced of the necessity of their solid union, but there must be no isolated action and no interference with the integrity of the Ottoman empire. In conclusion the Minister of Foreign Affairs announced that during the Czar's visit a precise exchange of views had occurred, and that a united Europe would be able to show the Sultan that he

must give his subjects security and peace. When the representative of the Sultan conferred with M. Cambon at Pera he was informed by the French embassador to Turkey that under instructions it was stated that it was imperative that the Sultan must adopt a certain number of measures calculated to reassure the public and give Europe satisfaction. The Turkish envoy to Paris, Munir Bey, has now informed M. Honataux that the Sultan, on receipt of M. Cabon's message, immediately decharges have been preferred; the issuance to the police of orders that all peaceable Armenians must not be prosecuted; the immediate convocation of the Armenian National Association for the purpose of elect-

It is also announced that Mazhr Bey, who lence. Furthermore, it is stated that the Ministry of Instruction will estimate the cost of rebuilding the Catholic convents in Asia Minor, partially destroyed during the recent disturbance. Aid will be given to the residents of those districts which are reported to have suffered during the recent trouble. The Sultan has also promised to immediately issue a decree enforcing the reforms granted in 1895 to six vilayets of Armenia. In addition he has agreed to extend these reforms to other provinces.

M. Hanotaux thanked the Turkish envoy who explained the matter to him. It is now stated that the Minister of Foreign Affairs has issued instruction to M. Cambon to carefully watch and see whether these promises made by the Sultan are carried into execution.

MRS. CASTLE'S CASE. What the London Press Says About

the American Kleptomaniac. LONDON. Nov. 7 .- The Westminster Gazette this afternoon, and others of the afternoon newspapers of this city, urge the release of Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San of Bibles in Indiana, they Francisco, who was sentenced yesterday at the Clerkenwell sessions to three

months' imprisonment for shoplifting. The Globe says it strongly believes in the mania defense, and declares that the tion of common justice, "though." the article says, "it is certain that the judge only desired to do what was just." The St. James Gazette, while agreeing that it is a case for clemency, in view of the prisoner's health, says: "If Mrs. Castle is released it ought to be clearly understood that the evidence of kleptomania came to nothing. If her counsel relied on that defense they would not have advised her to plead guilty. The robberies were frequent, systematic and artful."

Officials at the Home Office have not ye replied to the letter of United States Embassador Bayard, urging clemency for Mrs. Castle on the ground of her physical condition. It is understood, however that the letter was marked "unofficial" and was not sent as being from the United States embassador. Mr. Bayard wrote to the Home Secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley again to-day, and Mr. Castle wrote to Mr. Bayard, thanking the United States embassy for its past efforts and urging the embassador to take every step possible to secure the release of Mrs. Castle. The Home Office declines to give any informa-

tion on the subject to the press. T. P. O'Connor, in discussing the case of Mrs. Castle in the Sun to-day, says: "Some proof of the esteem in which this family is held in San Francisco can be found in the fact that friends of mine have cabled me to do the best that I could for Mrs Castle. I would gladly do anything that lies in my power in this matter. My feeling is that this poor woman ought to be 92 North Meridian Between Monument and City Library. turned over to her friends immediately There is not the slightest doubt but that she is unhinged in mind, for she is wealthy educated and of a nature entirely free from past week and test relief works have been his father's servant, Gilbert Adams, wear- lower level facing the tramway until inviciousness. Mr. Castle deserves the sympathy and respect of every man, and especially of every husband. His trial has relief works. been a terrible one. I do not think there could be a finer exhibition of manliness and generosity than this poor fellow has exlibited in standing by his wife in her hour of extremity, faithful, tender and unreproachful. The American authorities are now working for her liberation and I am sure that public opinion in Great Britain will back him up with full hopes of success." Continuing, the Sun says that the county magistrates at Clerkenwell have memorialized the Home Office in favor of Mrs. Castle.

Items from the Orient. N. Wadsworth, a Cooper, Wounded in SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 7. - The steamship Rio de Janeiro arrived here tonight from Yokohama, Hong Kong and Honolulu, bringing the following Oriental

Cholera seems to have established a footing in Yokohama. Five cases were re ported within a few days. Advices from Mantila state that the back bone of the rebellion has been broken and business is reviving. It is rumored Li Hung Chang is to be appointed to the head of the Northern and Southern Squadrons in order to extend the The Mohammedan uprising in Kau Suh has not yet been repressed and is said to b reasing in strength. Li Hung Chang's celebrated coffin, which he carried with him on his recent tour of the world, was burned recently in a fire on board the steamship Glencartney. Dr. Maskay, an English missionary, died

of choiera at Wu Chang in September. Is Parnell Still on Earth? LONDON, Nov. 8. - The Sunday Times

says that a firm of London publishers wrote last week to Professor Haddon, of Dublin anent the matter of preparing a life of Parnell. Professor Haddon replied, saying beiss, where his wound, which was slight, that a general belief exists that Parnell is was dressed. The police soon arrived and incorporated in 1892 with a capital stock of Parnell. Professor Haddon replied, saying alive on an obscure ranch in a Western State. Shortly after the announcement of Parnell's death Professor Haddon approached the widow, mother and personal Wadsworth claims he never before saw the friend of Parnell with a view of obtaining material for a biographical sketch. Documents and statements concerning Mr. Parnell were refused, the reason being given in confidence that Parnell is still alive.

> Cable Notes. The Chilean Chamber of Deputies has

passed a vote of censure against the gov-A terrible storm has swept over the seof Azof, and many shipping disasters are

Heavy gales have swept over the coast

of Valencia, Spain, and several vessels Francis Kossuth, a son of the late Loui Kossuth, and Gabriel Ugron, formerly leader of the opposition, have fought a due with swords, near Buda-Pesth. Kossuth was wounded with a sharp cut on the right arm and Ugron was slightly scratched. The Viceroy of India, the Earl of Elgin

THAT CAN BE DEPENDED UPON

You Want Shoes

That fit the feet and are entirely comfortable, and at the same time stylish.

You Want Shoes

Which do not have to be "broken in" but fit the feet and give comfort from the start.

You Want Shoes

At Moderate Prices, AND THIS IS THE REASON FOLKS BUY THEIR SHOES OF US.



We wish to acquaint

you with our mammoth line of Men's Fine Shoes, in all shapes and varieties, at the uniform price,

Men's Shoes ! Ladies' Shoes

Our stock of Ladies' Shoes was never before so complete, comprising, as it does, the latest and nobbiest ef-Do not fail to attend

Geo. J. Marott

26 and 28 East Washington Street

was accused of being responsible for the murder of Father Salvator, would be tried by court-martial. The Vali of Diarbekir will be dismissed from office and definite instructions will be sent to all valis that they must repress all further acts of violence. Furthermore, it is stated that the

Great Bible

Being the largest retailers

T'AND T'SON - ENOS CO. MISS THIS!

The Allison-Enos Co.

come to us as the most likely Begins Monday morning. buyers. They accepted a price which will enable us to retail them at one-half or less the

Wholesale Price

early and get choice \$3.00 at \$1.50.

Nice hand Bibles 18c, 23c, 33c, 29c, 39c, 49c, etc., etc. To see is to believe.

this State.

The Allison-Enos Co Successors to JOHN A. ALLISON.

opened. Prices are still rising slowly.

About 57.000 men are already engaged on

The French Cabinet has informed Great

Britain that Emile Arton, who was sen-

tenced at Versailles to eight years' impris-

onment for having been convicted of em-

bezzlement and fraudulent bankruptcy,

foregoing any benefit which he is entitled

to under the extradition treaty between France and Great Britain, would be tried

on the charge of bribing officials in connec-

tion with the Panama canal manipulations,

CALLED TO DOOR AND SHOT.

a Mysterious Manner.

A peculiar shooting affair occurred at

Lena White's house, at 166 West Chesa-

peake street, about 1 o'clock last night. N.

Wadsworth, a cooper, who claims to be

the husband of the White woman, answered

well-dressed stranger stepped inside.

am an officer," said he, "and I have come

to transact a little business." "Let's see

your authority," said Wadsworth. "All

right, just step outside and I'll show it to

you," replied the stranger, and both

The stranger then sprang a few feet from

Wadsworth and suddenly leveling a re-

volver, without a word fired twice. The

first shot took effect in Wadsworth's side

"I'm shot, but I'll follow you till I dron."

shouted Wadsworth as the stranger ran

He followed him a short distance and then

came back to the house, where the White

woman was almost in hysterics. Wads-

worth then went to the office of Dr. Eisen-

arrested Wadsworth, the White woman and

another named Bertha Hennessey and an

pistol user, and is at a loss to account for

SOLD IN HIS UNIFORM.

Story of a Colored Soldier's Release

from Libby Prison.

Charles Adams, colored, a Washington

city caterer of some reputation, is from Taibot county, and is here now on a visit. He had a brother named Gilbert Adams,

who died a few years ago, and who was a federal soldier a brief period of the war. Gilbert always claimed that he was forced into the army. They were the slaves of Gen. Tench Tilghman, of Pilmbimmon—had

a good master and were faithful and sotis

Talbot county during the progress war, and was stationed in Richmond,

One day, while walking through Prison, he heard a voice calling out

ch Francis Tilghman, went South fr

Easton (Md.) Letter in Baltimore Sun.

and the second missed him.

stepped outside.

11 . IN CO

A Great Bible Sale Magazines

The Allison-Enos Co.

Have bought a large lot of Oxford, Bagster's and self-pronouncing Bibles from the They will go quick. Come Indianapolis Book and Stationery Company, of this city, at a price which will enable us Bibles (at wholesale) we sell to retail them at about one-half of the

Wholesale Price

and in some cases much le They have amples, but never been over the road a This sale must establish our have been kept in a showcase . a the store. name and location all over There are scarcely any any two of them alike. With a very few exceptions, they are practically new books, and are the greatest bargains in Bibles that have ever been offered in Indianapolis.

92 North Meridian St.

ing a federal uniform and a prisoner in

Libby. He capered with joy when he saw

the son of his old master, and evidently

he had been forced into the service. Mr.

Tilghman asked him where he was made

prisoner. "A-fightin' in de crater fo' Pe-

tersburg," said Gibert, with a shudder.

"Oh, Mas' Tench, take me out o' dis. Sell

me to Georgy, Mas' Tench, and lemme

work in de cotton fields. I done smell nuff

powder. Don't want to hear no mo' guns

nor see no mo' soldiers. Git Gilbert out

The man was sincere. Mr. Tilghman

went to work to get the necessary permis-

sion to carry out Gilbert's request. It was

an unprecedented piece of business, but

finally the order was passed and the pa-

pers signed and Gilbert was brought out

from prison with his United States uniform

on, and sold at public auction to a man "from Georgy." The war ended not long afterwards. Mr. Tilghman returned to Tal-

bot as soon as he could. One of the first

Gilbert Adams, who got back to Talbot

This is perhaps the only instance during

and How It Is Played.

Besides the roulette and trente-et-quar-

ante tables, three so-called "baraque"

tables have been set up in a former bil-

the orchestra, on the town front of the

building overlooking the Palace Leopold

A "baraque" bears a strong family re-semblance to a bagatelle board. It is slightly inclined towards the player and in-

dented with hemispherical cups, a few inches apart from one another, which are

The game is played from a short slope with an ivory ball, the latter exactly fit-

ting the cups. This ball is projected to

the cushioned upper end of the table along

a smooth lane bisecting the two sets of holes. Recoiling to the right or left from

the cushion it meanders slowly down

into che of the cups en route or perverse-

as the spirit moves him. If successful he

double for red and single for the blue,

the bank collecting its commission on each

'miss" before the round of play com-

mences and pocketing the stake of each

Obviously, the odds are heavily in favor

without lodging in any of the holes.

s paid four times his stake for black.

ly steering clear of those gaping but shal-

respectively colored black, red and blue.

llard room of the Kursaal, to the left of

to greet him after his return home was

o' dis trouble, do, honey!"

before his "Mas' Tench" did.

London Telegraph.

a knock at the door, and on opening it a the war where a man wearing the federal uniform was sold at public auction.

thought his troubles were over. He claimed

Great
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Bible

We take subscriptions to all sorts of magazines and papers. You will be astonished at our low prices.

Bible

The Allison-Enos Co.

92 N. Meridian St.

Great Bargains

In stationery. A box of good writing paper and envelopes-24 sheets paper, 24 envelopes in a box-6 cents.

Ask for "Our Leader." Munsey's and other standard magazines on sale by single numbers.

The Allison-Enos Co

JOHN A. ALLISON.

92 North Meridian

definite hours of the morning. Another sort of "baraque." differing considerably from the cre above described, is also played in the public room devoted to that somewhat monotonous sport. In this variety of the game the cups are numbered, and the stakes collected by the coupler from a pool, the total amount of which, after deduction of the bank's commission, is handed over to the player scoring the highest number or divided equally among the two or more perform-

ers who achieve this haphazard feat. The numbered "baraque" is not so profitable to the bank as the colored "baraque," for obvious reasons, but it is very popular because it gives every player a chance of winning a large sum, which the other game does not.

GAMBLING AT OSTEND. The Fascinating Game of Baraque

A third of CATARRH. And still another of INFLUENZA.

Mrs. J. Sharks, 175 West Ninety-fifth street, New York city: "We have used your remedies for years, and have always found them to do just what you claim. "" for COLDS has proved a blessing, as also other of your specifics which we have found necessary to use. I cannot praise them too

E. E. Pierce, Pastor of Church of Christ,

Miss May Ulrich, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says she is subject to attacks of grippe whenever she takes a slight cold, but now uses

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your druggist's or mailed free. Small bottles of pleasant pellets, fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents or five for \$1. Hum-

COLDS Can Be Trusted

You can trust an article that everybody speaks well of, and every one has a kind word for SEVENTY-SEVEN. One has been cured of a COLD. Another of GRIP.

It's so with all the ills that colds cause.

low receptacles. The stake is two francs for each cup, and the player bets on color; that is to say, he backs himself to hole the ball in a black, red or blue cup, just Clarion, Ia., writes: " '77' has cured a bad cold in my wife, which I have been treating for some time, and she has only used about one-fourth of a bottle." player whose ball drops into a cup of the wrong color or dribbles back "home"

"77," "and I must say it does help me woh-

of the "baraque" proprietor and against the player, though a judicious employ-ment of side and strength sometimes enables a skillful performer to put off three or four wings in succession. "Baraque" is played during the afternoon till 7 o'clock and after the evening concert till 11, when the dancing and refreshment rooms close and the Kursaal is shut up, except so far as the clubrooms are concerned. They remain accessible to members by a door and